

Biography - John T. Everett

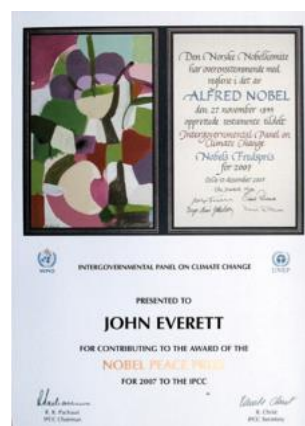
Dr. Everett comes from a [fishing family](#) and worked 31 years in 13 positions in NOAA/National Marine Fisheries Service as a researcher, analyst and manager in climate change, oceans, fisheries, and administrative programs. He is CEO of the Everett-Vehrs Conservation and Research [Foundation](#). He founded and served as President of [Ocean Associates, Inc.](#) (OAI) during its growth to become a significant Federal contractor. He was Manager and Chief Editor of the [UN Atlas of the Oceans](#) for a decade during its development. The Atlas focuses on sustainable use of the oceans and the advancement of ocean science.

He personally studies and consults on climate change, oceans and fisheries policy and sustainability, and ecosystem and fisheries relationships. He supports the OAI CEO in managing OAI's business management, scientific and policy services. The focus has been in fisheries, protected resources, their environment, and aquaculture, now expanding to procurements, IT, and general engineering. Work ranges from lab dissections to stock and habitat assessments, to regulatory advice and enforcement support, to supply chain management - working in over 20 states, the Arctic, Antarctic, and several countries.

Dr. Everett retired from NOAA as Chief of the Fisheries Research Division, coordinating the national program in research, and managing scientific reporting, program planning and evaluation, and Scientific Publications. Federal positions included: Senate Commerce Committee staff (NOAA oversight), Staff to NOAA Administrator (NMFS Oversight), Fisheries Dir. of Policy and Planning, Manager of Dolphin/Tuna research, and Chief of Fisheries Development. He chaired scientific analyses (Fisheries, Polar Regions, Oceans, and Coastal Zones) by the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change and served on the National Academy of Sciences Panel on Ecosystem Indicators of Climate Change. He has testified in Congress (House and Senate) on: impacts of climate change on fisheries and oceans; on forage fish management; on ocean acidification; and on the BP oil spill. He managed bycatch reduction research and fishing and sampling gear development and designed and testified on dolphin assessment methods. He prepared coastal communities for climate cooling in the 1970s. Prior to NOAA, he coordinated launches in the Apollo Program at Cape Kennedy and was a commercial fisherman out of Cape Cod.

He holds a Doctorate and Masters from Florida State Univ. focused on systems analysis, natural resources research and management, and on quantitative methods. He is indebted to the vision of Dr. William Royce, who encouraged him to pursue doctoral studies in Management, and to his father, John R. Everett who taught him respect for and love of the oceans, and that because of the "foggy day rule" (there are not enough enforcers), fishermen had to help develop regulations. He also has a BS from the Univ. of Mass. in Engineering. His contributions on ecosystem analysis, climate change, and other fields has been made possible by the abilities he gained to think outside-the-box, integrating many fields of study, thanks to, his father and Dr. Royce.

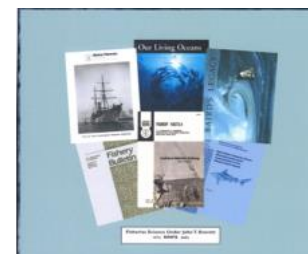
Dr. Everett is a Life Member of American Fisheries Society and the Beta Gamma Sigma academic honor society. He is a Member of the Marine Technology Society, the Coastal Conservation Assoc., and the Buzzards Bay and the Chesapeake Bay Foundations. Examples of his recent work and that of [OAI](#) and [EVCARF](#) are available at these links.



IPCC Nobel Peace Prize (shared) "to those who contributed substantially to the work of the IPCC"



NOAA: For ... assessing the impacts of climate change on global oceans and fisheries



NMFS Plaque: "Fisheries Science under John T. Everett: 1972-2002"